# Office for **Budget Responsibility**

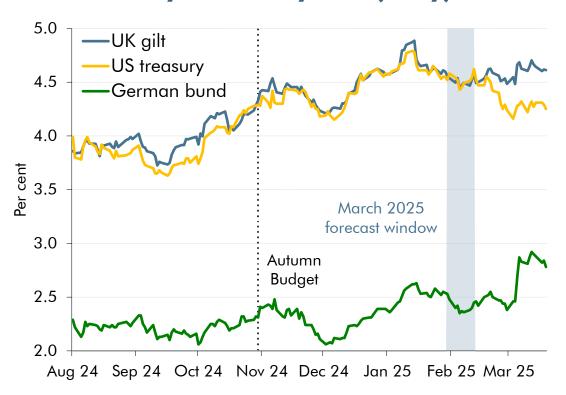
# March 2025 Economic and fiscal outlook

Richard Hughes
Chair

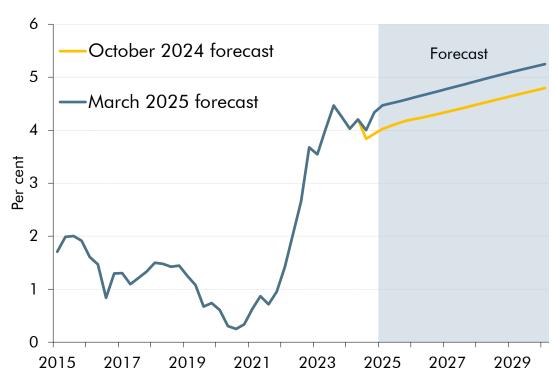
26 March 2025

### **Interest rates**

#### 10-year bond yields (daily)



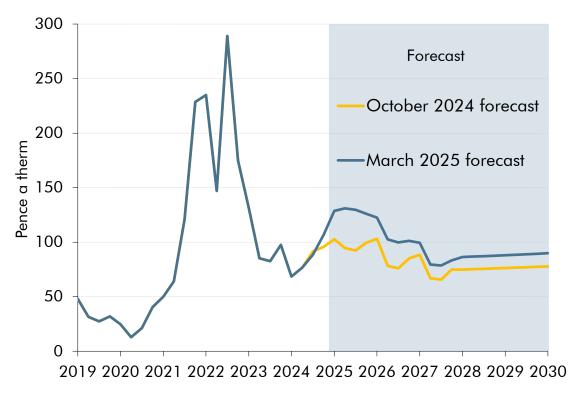
#### 10-year gilt yields (quarterly average)



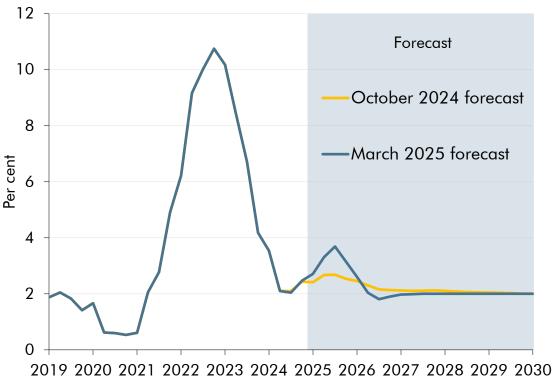
Source: Bank of England, Deutsche Bundesbank, US Department of the Treasury, OBR

# **Energy prices and inflation**

#### Wholesale gas prices

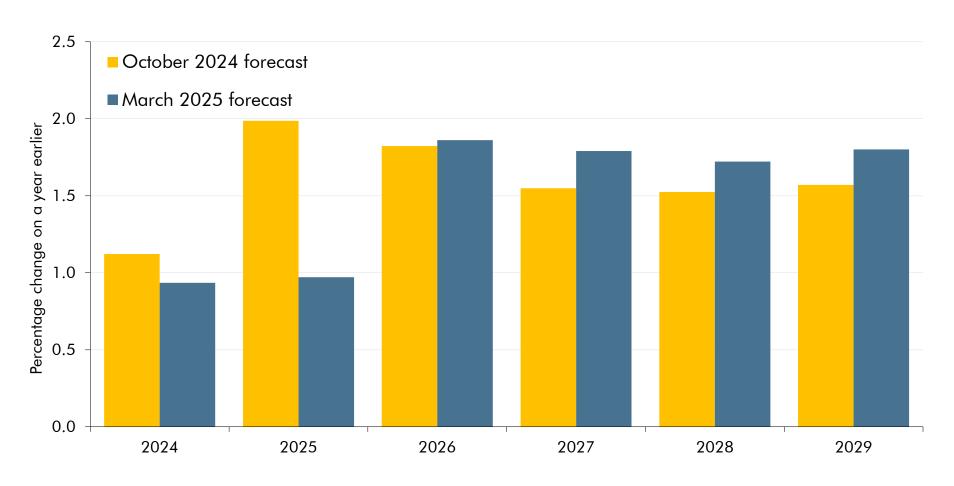


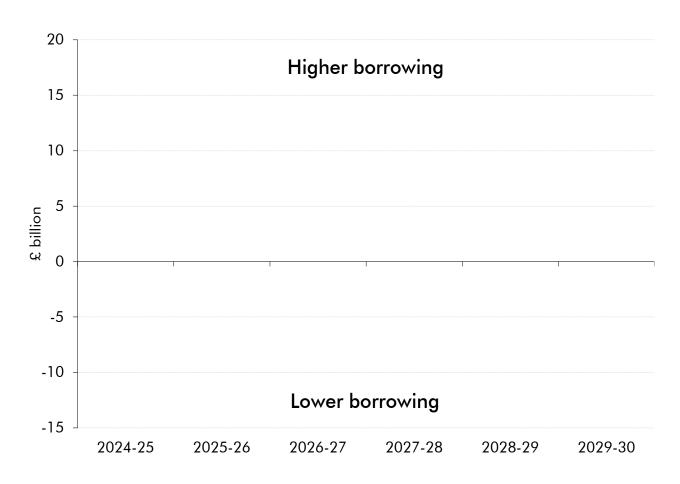
#### **Consumer prices inflation**

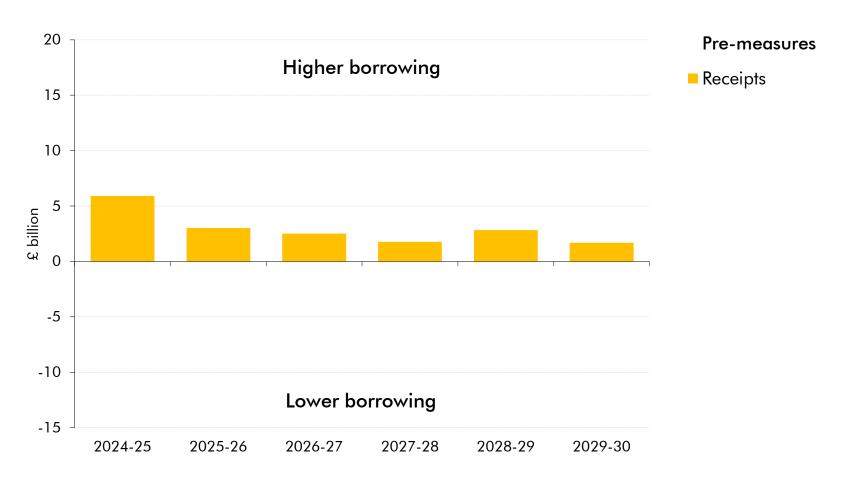


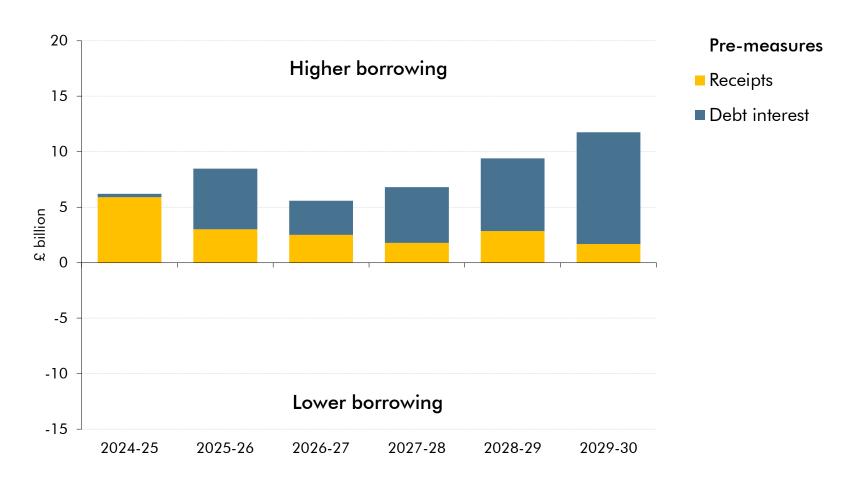
Source: Datastream, Ofgem, ONS OBR

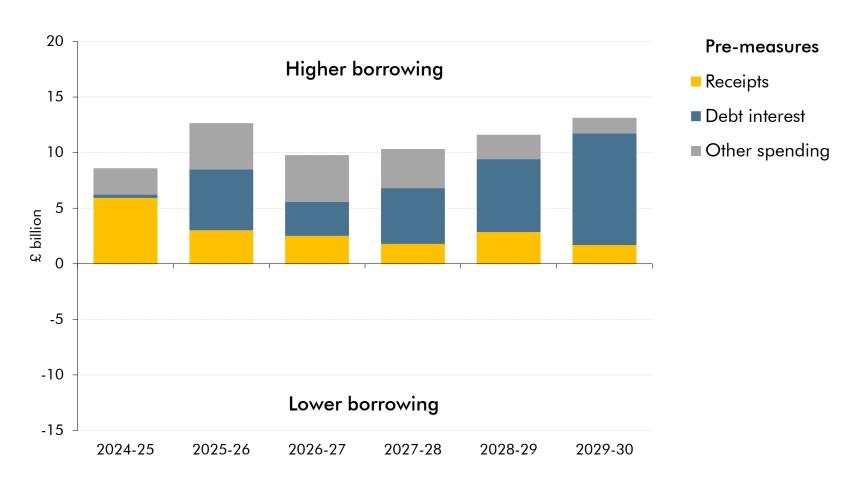
# Real GDP growth

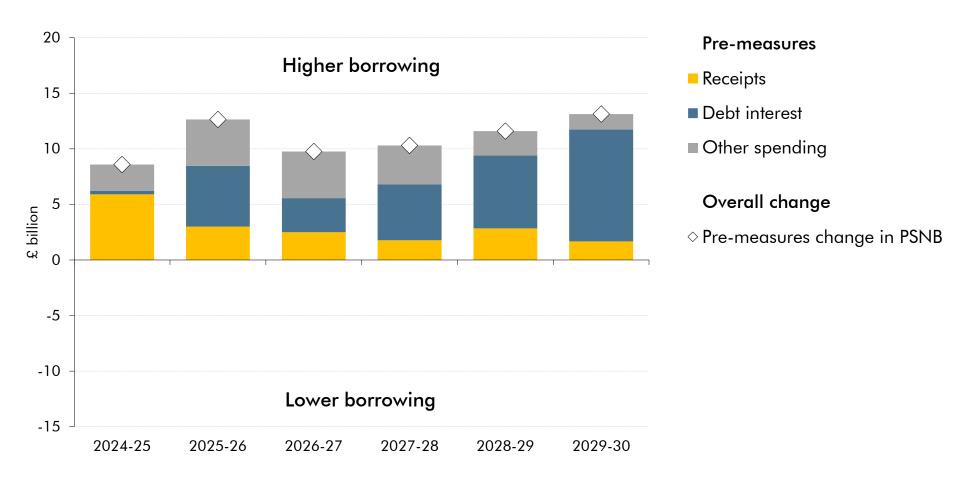














Reforms to residential planning system expected to boost housing supply by 170,000 over the next five years



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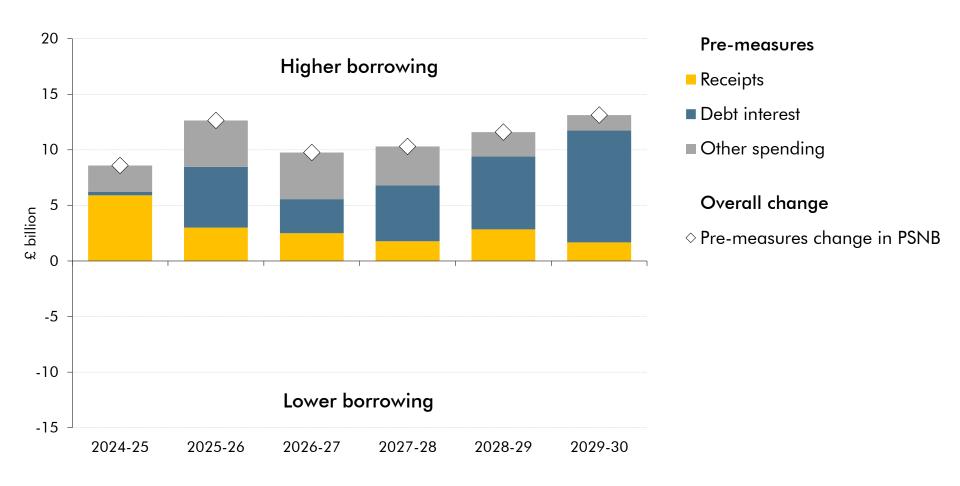
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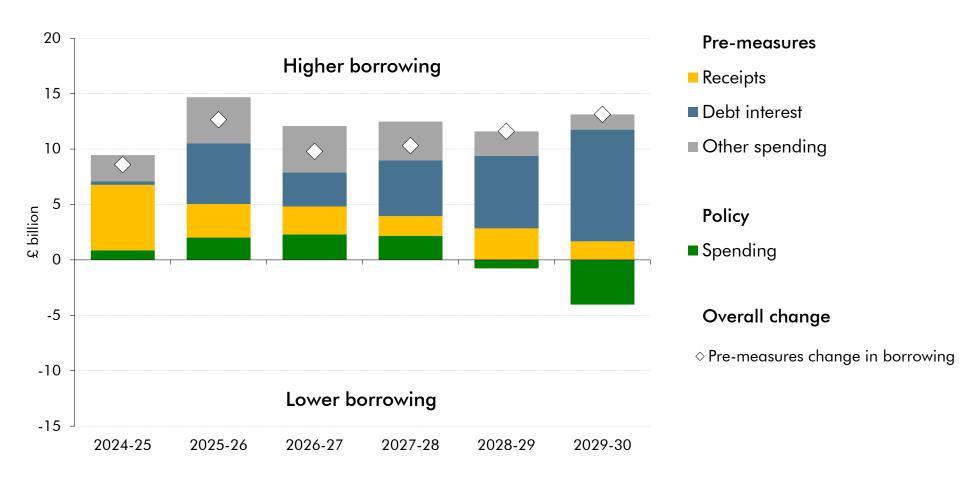


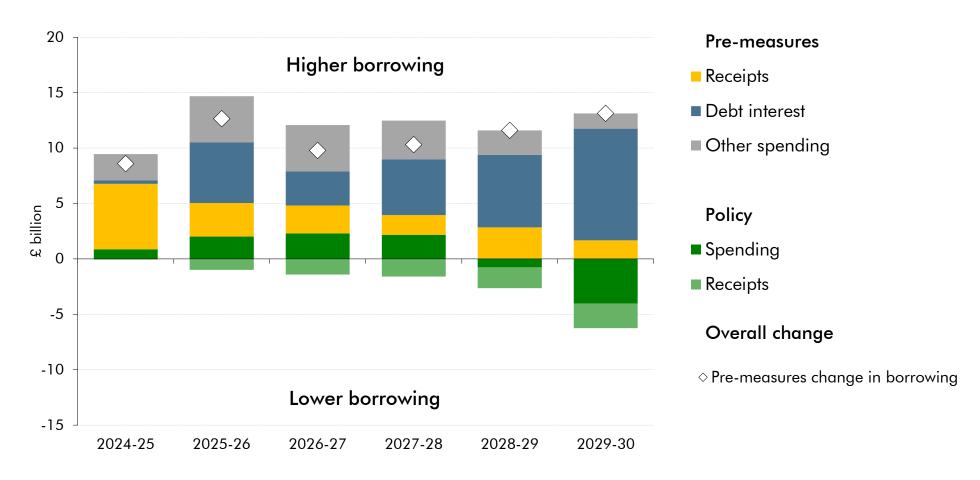
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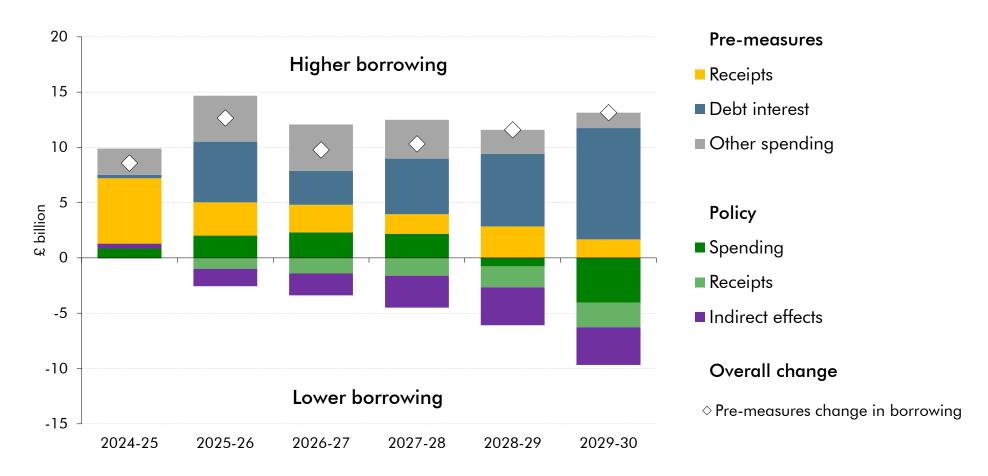


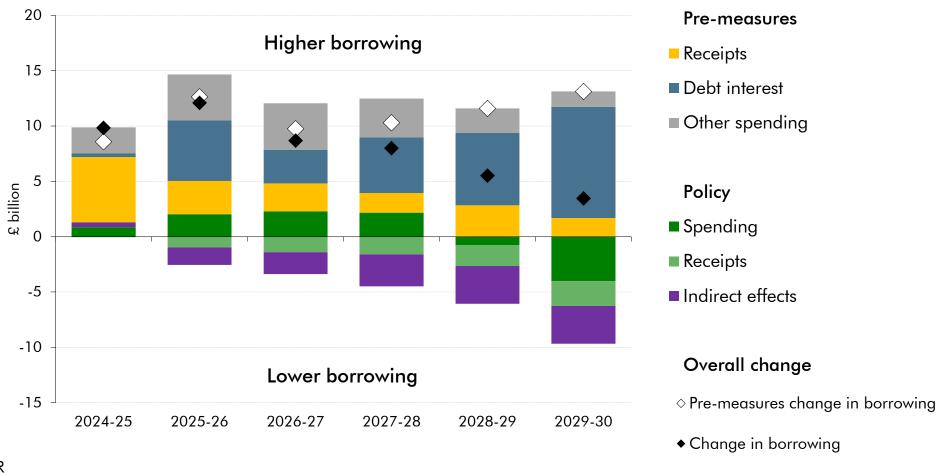
Reforms to health-related and other working-age welfare benefits, which save £5 billion by 2029-30

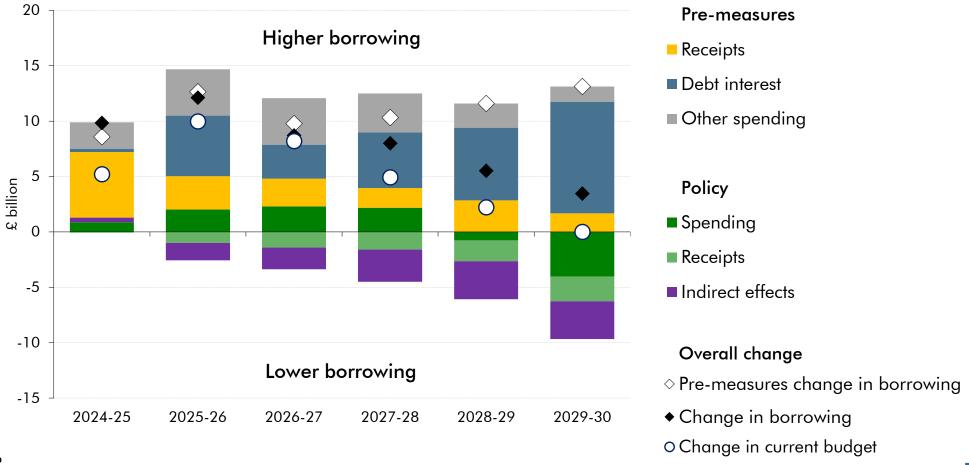




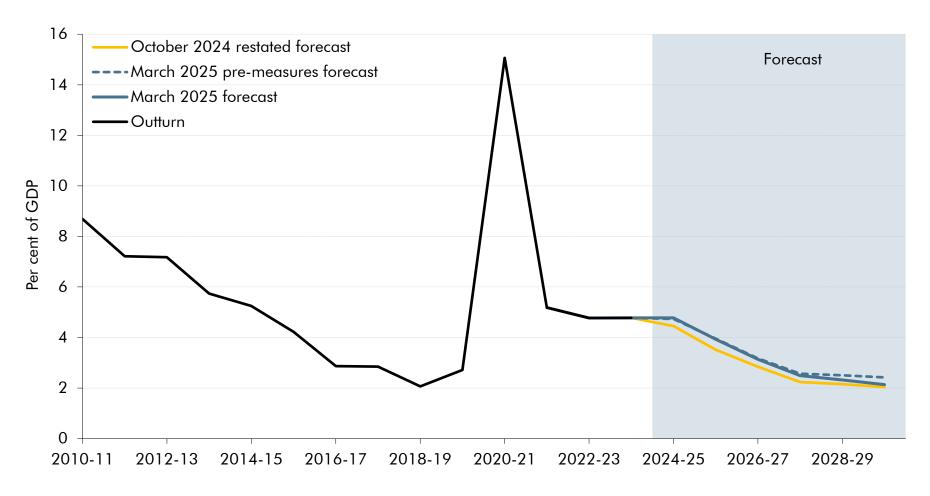




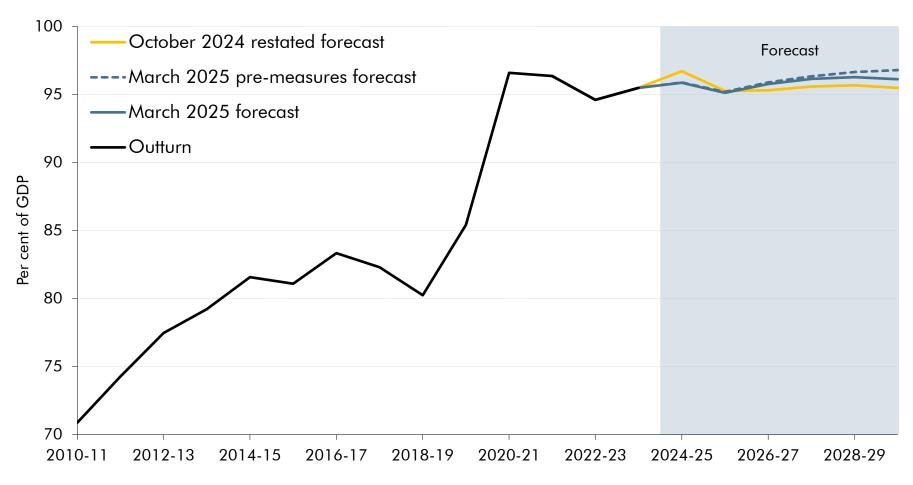




# Public sector net borrowing

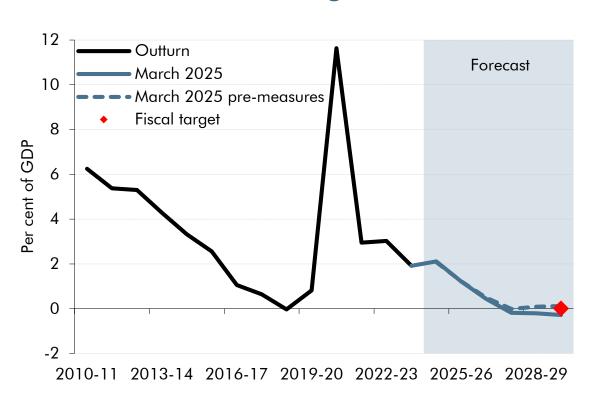


### **Public sector net debt**

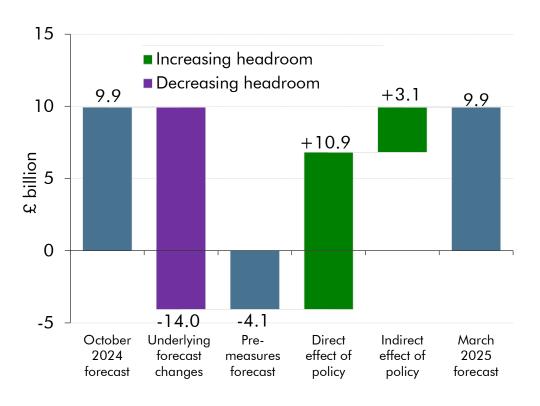


# **Current balance target**

#### **Current budget deficit**

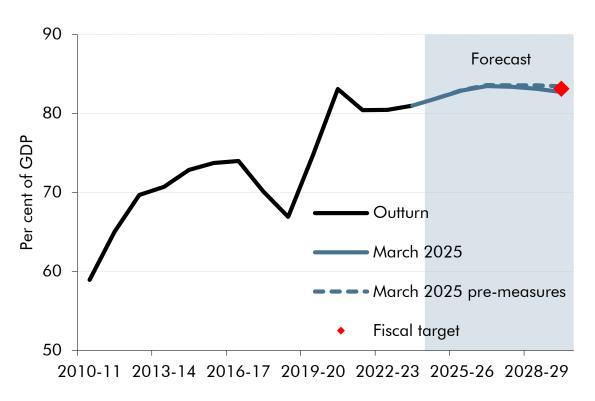


#### Change in current budget since October

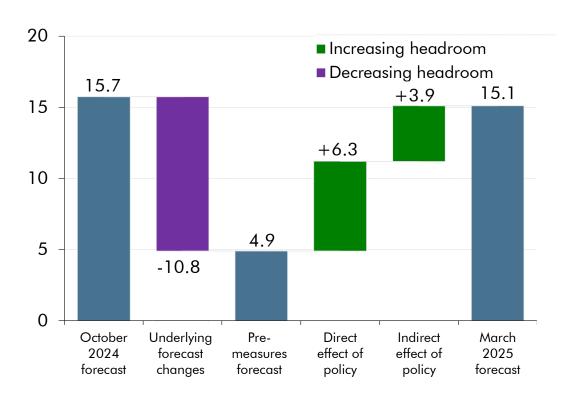


# Net financial liabilities target

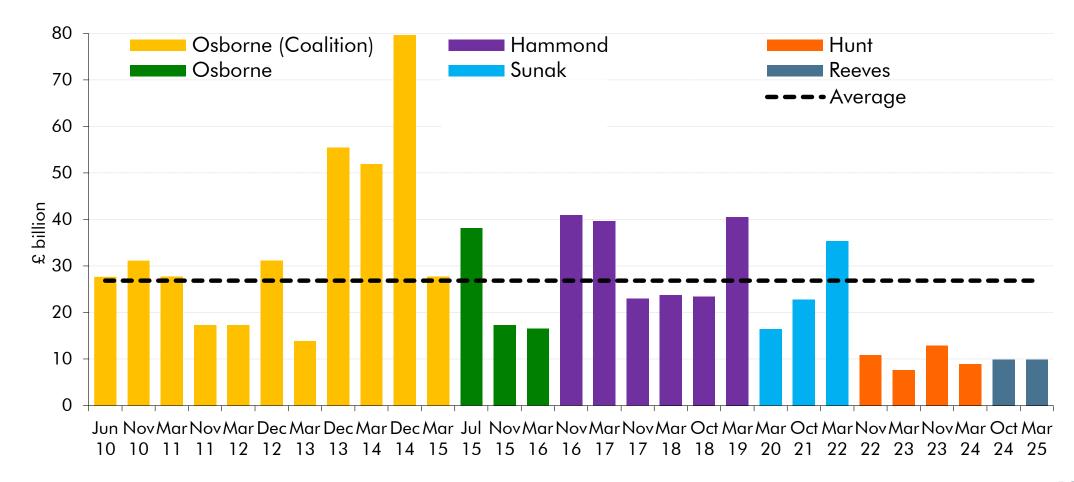
#### **Public sector net financial liabilities**



#### **Change in PSNFL since October**



# Headroom against fiscal rules



### Risks to the outlook

### Risks partly addressed

- Defence spending
- Health-related welfare

Symmetry of fiscal policy

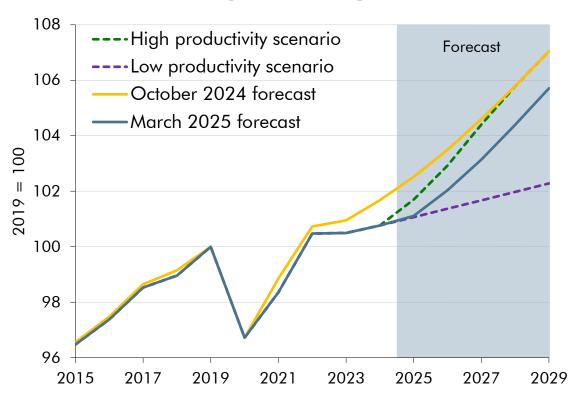
### Risks still outstanding

- UK productivity performance
- Interest rates

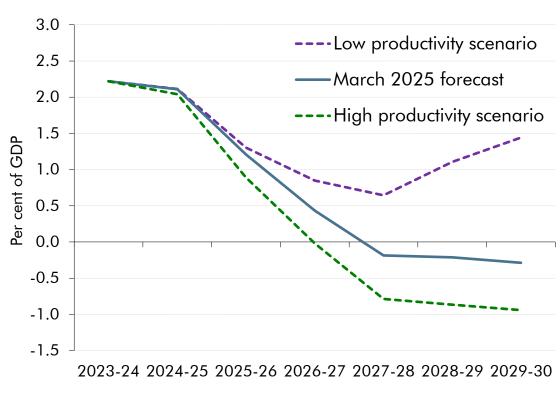
Global trade policy

# **Productivity risks**

#### **Trend productivity Level**

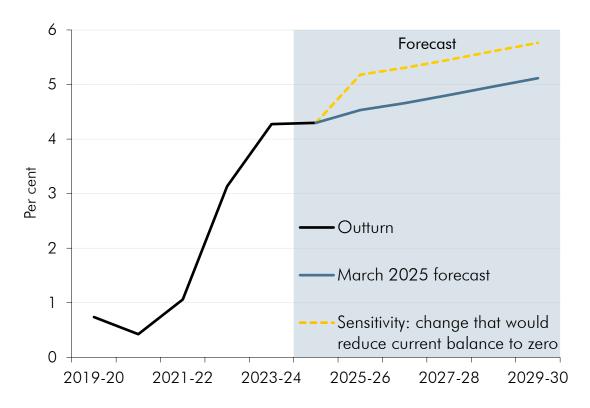


#### **Current budget deficit**

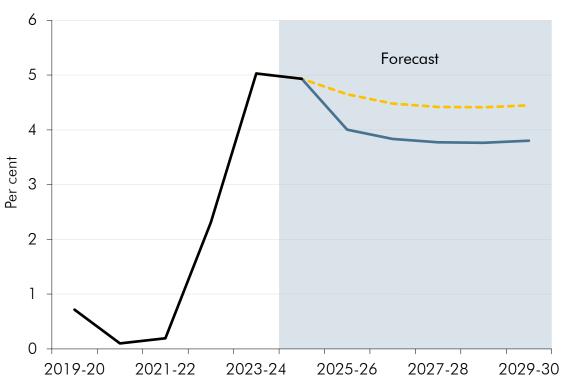


## Interest rate risks

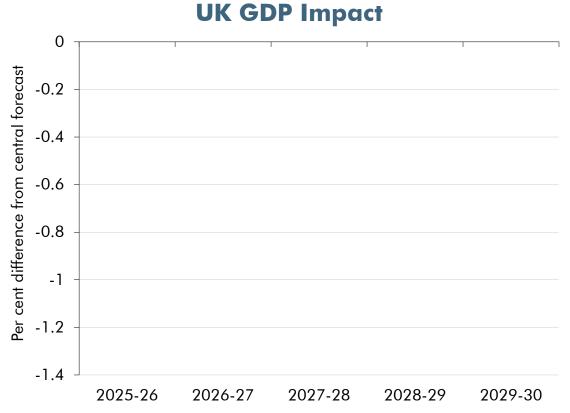
#### Gilt rate yields



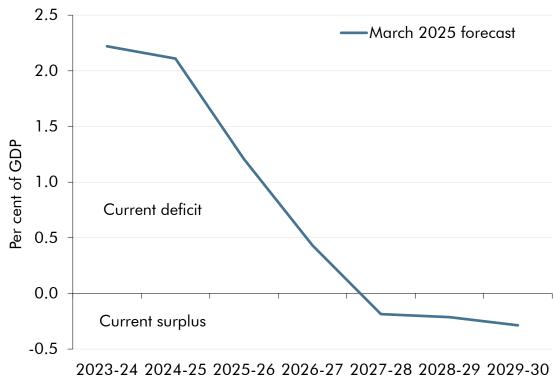
#### **Bank Rate**

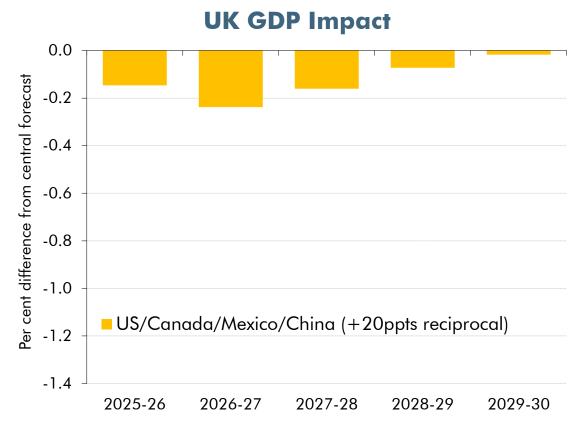


Source: Bank of England, OBR

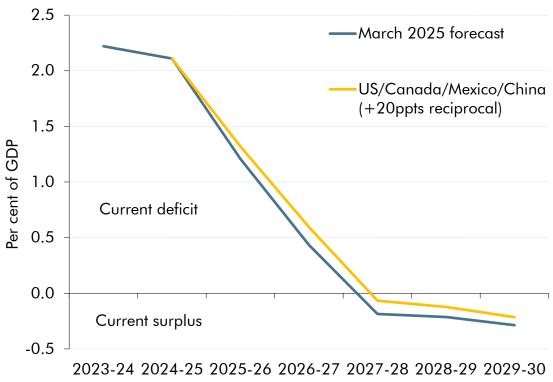


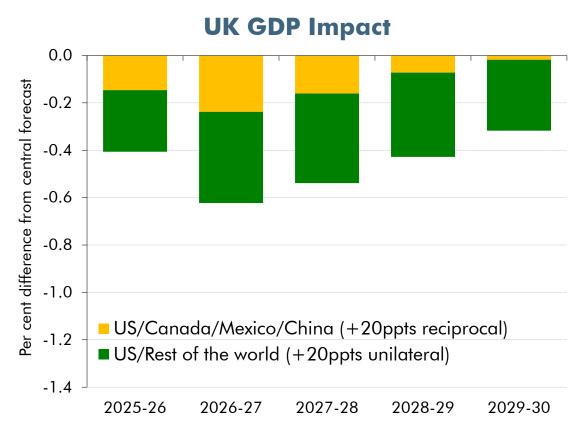
#### **UK** current budget deficit impact



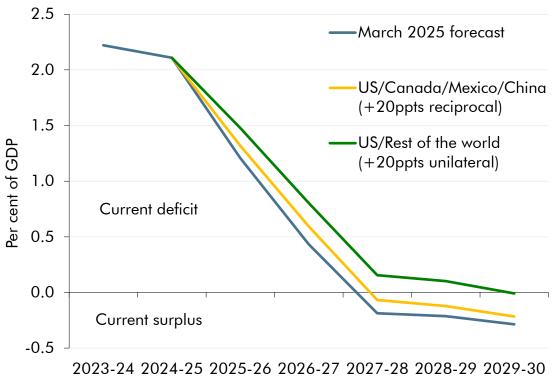


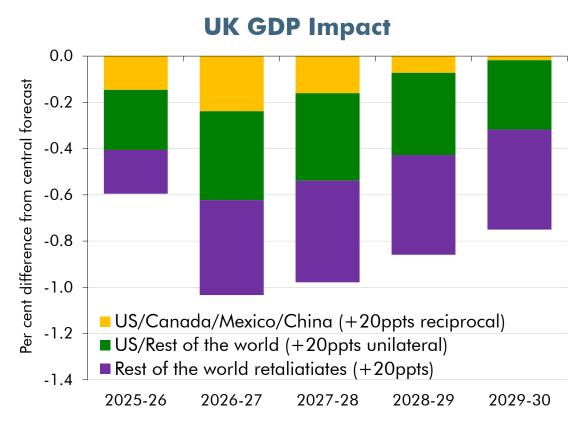
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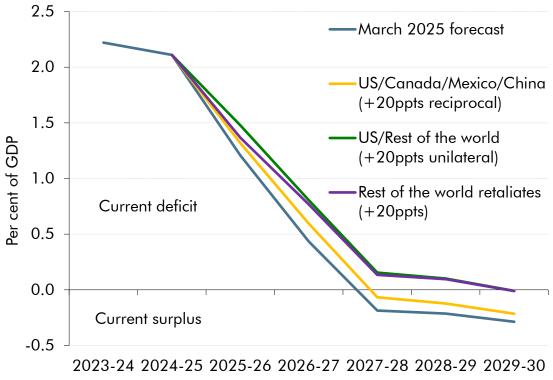


#### **UK** current budget deficit impact





#### **UK** current budget deficit impact



# Summary

- Economic and fiscal outlook is more challenging than in October, with output stagnating, interest rates higher, and the global outlook uncertain
- Pre-measures forecast halved GDP growth this year and left the current budget in deficit by £4 billion in 2029-30
- Policy measures, including planning reforms, cuts to welfare, and shifts in departmental spending, were enough to return to a current balance of £10 billion
- But risks to productivity growth, interest rates, or global trade policy could easily reduce that headroom back below zero

# Office for Budget Responsibility

### Thank you for listening

Slides and speaking notes are now available on our website www.obr.uk

Please email us with any further questions OBR.Enquiries@obr.uk